

Supporting your child with writing in the Early Years



#### Overview

- The importance of spoken language (oracy)
- How we support reading and writing
- Developing fine motor skills
- The stages of writing development
- An explanation of the end of year expectations
- How you can help at home



# Children's spoken language supports reading and writing

- Speaking and listening are the foundations for both reading and writing.
- Promote a love of reading.
- Encourage storytelling/retelling of familiar stories.
- Widen vocabulary.
- Explore different genres fiction, non-fiction, magazines, poems, familiar rhymes.
- Comprehension.



## How we support reading and writing

- Phonics
- Fiddly fingers finger gym
- Dough disco
- Handwriting
- Poetry picnic, songs and rhymes
- Library visits
- Reading practice (4 times a week) Little Wandle
- Purposeful writing challenges in provision
- Phonics writing activities
- Story times



## Why fiddly finger and mark-making activities are so important





An x ray of a developed hand (around the age of 7) on the left compared to an EYFS age child's hand on the right.

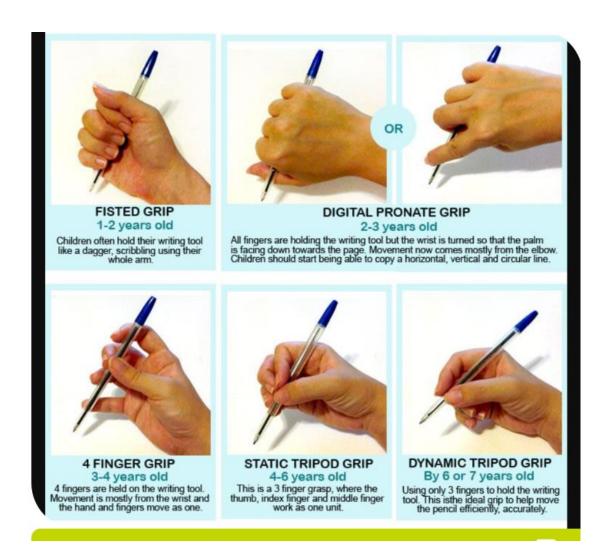


#### Beginning to write

- Physical development is very important in this process.
- Gross motor large full arm movements.
- Fine motor letter formation/pencil control.
- Independence encouragement to "just have a go".
- Write as many sounds as they can.
- Importance of writing for a purpose.
- Praise and encouragement.
- Making it fun!



### Pencil grip is important.





#### Writing for a purpose

wanted posters



16500 60 HO labelling models Wanted

registers, lists...

making observations



Developmental progression of a child's writing.

#### HeidiSongs' Chart of the Developmental Progression of A Child's Writing

1. Pictures	2. Random Scribbling	Scribble Writing (Written in linear fashion to mimic real writing.)	OTTO PITIZ ON= 4. Symbols That Represent Letters
5. Random Letters (No relationship between sounds of letters and what the child is trying to say.)	ATPLIEDI ATPLED	AEB 27 WD) I FHJ ] P 7. Letter Groups (The groups have spaces in between to resemble words.)	the I is see lites 12345 12345 AND MY 8. Environmental Avint (Oxid capes print found in the room, often without knowing what the words are)
Thehcanr (The horse can run.)  9. Beginning Sounds (Oxid begins to write simple sentences using sight words and just the beginning sounds of words.)	We win to the S (We went to the store.)  10. Early Inventive Spelling (Includes the same elements as the previous level, but with more consonat sounds represented and spaces between words.)	To daye I won to play with the board and the shapes and I won to play with My feh (roles I won to play with My feh (roles I won to play with sour and the shape and I want to play with any francial II. Inventive Spelling (Has the same elements as the previous level, but with more sounds are word written, including the vowels. Some conventional spelling potterns may appear.)	One day I saw my Frid it was Israel and Antonio and Thay sot lost I fad Thim. The end I should be so I should b



#### **Emergent writing**

This is a form of mark-making that purely imitates the idea of writing. The marks will be placed at any point on the page, and will usually involve circular strokes and random marks.

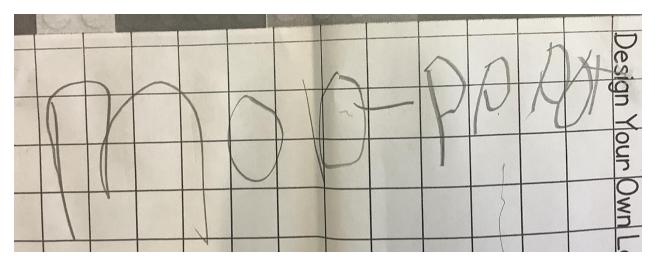


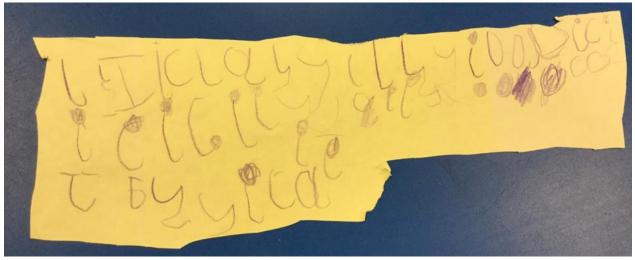




#### Beginning to use familiar letters

**Emergent writing starts with strings of letters.** 

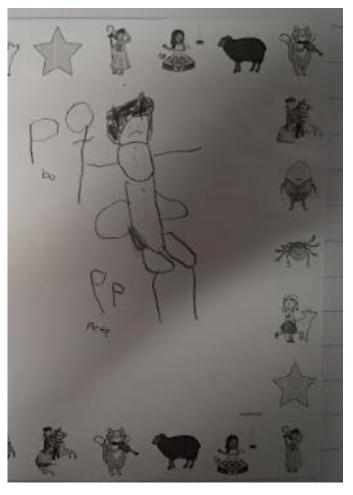


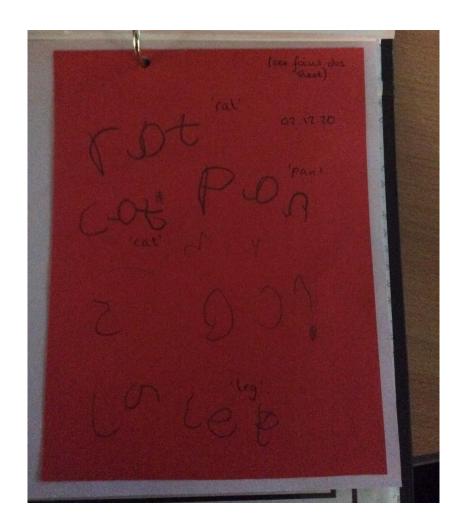




#### Some sound correspondence

You will see your child begin to use letters to represent sounds or whole words.



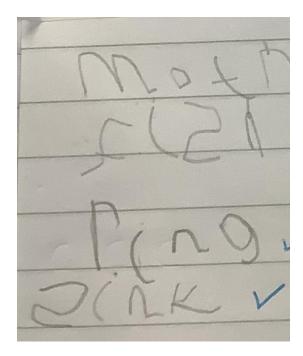




#### Phonetic spelling

As children hear more sounds in words, their writing becomes more recognisable. They will start to correctly sequence the graphemes/phonemes that they have learnt in phonics.

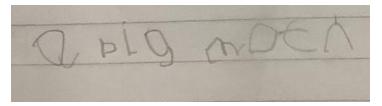


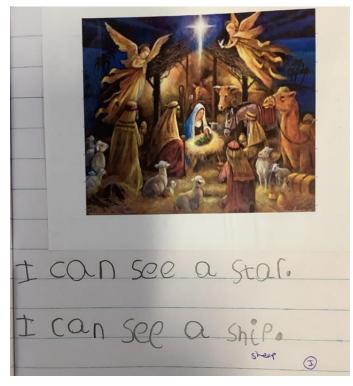


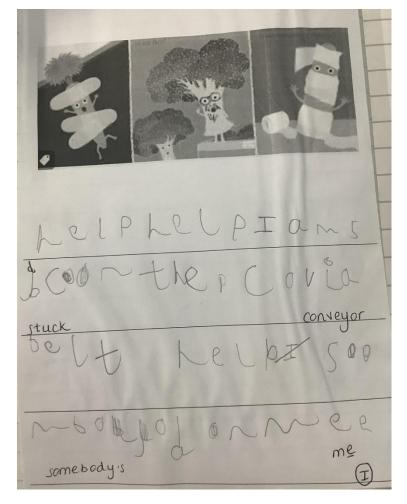


### Writing simple captions and sentences

These will start to include the correct spelling of tricky words.









#### End of the year expectations

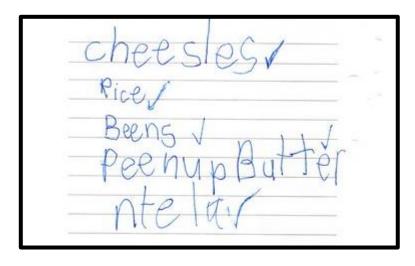
In Reception, we are on the journey to becoming fantastic writers. This is what we need to do to reach a **Good Level of Development** in writing.

- Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.
- Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.
- Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.



#### How you can help at home

- Writing for a purpose.
- Writing shopping lists, to do lists.
- Post it notes for messages.
- Writing cards, letters, postcards.
- Labelling pictures that they have drawn.
- Writing ingredients and recipes.







#### How you can help at home



child may call some of these words 'tricky words'.



#### Fine motor activities











